## Anti-Bullying Policy



At Aston Fence J & I School, we aim to provide a safe, caring and friendly environment for all of our pupils to allow them to learn effectively, be treated fairly and with respect. We want them to have an understanding of the issues related to bullying and to feel confident to seek support should they feel unsafe.

| Policy Development                   | Definition of Bullying   | Reporting and Responding to Bullying  |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|
| *This policy was formulated in       | 'Behaviour by an individual or group usually repeated over time, that intentionally hurts      | Our school has clear and well publicised systems to report bullying for the whole           |
| consultation with the whole school   | another individual or group either physically or emotionally'.                                 | school community (inc staff, parents/carers and pupils). This includes those who are        |
| community with input from            | Safe to Learn: Embedding Anti-Bullying Work in Schools (2007).                                 | the victims of bullying or have witnessed bullying behaviour (bystanders).                  |
| members of staff and children.       | How does bullying differ from teasing/falling out between friends or other types of            | Procedures  |
| *Pupils contribute to the            | aggressive behaviour?  | All reported incidents will be taken seriously and investigated involving all parties. E.g. |
| development of the policy through    | *There is deliberate intention to hurt or humiliate.   | -interviewing all parties   |
| the school council, circle time,     | *There is a power imbalance that makes it hard for the victim to defend himself or             | -informing parents of all parties   |
| discussions etc.                     | herself.   | -a range of responses appropriate to the situation:-solution focused, restorative           |
| *The school council has developed    | *It is usually persistent.   | approach, ELSA input, Mrs Draycott sessions, individual work with target and                |
| a child friendly version, which will | Occasionally, an incident may be deemed to be bullying even if the behaviour has not           | perpetrator, referral to outside agencies eg SYPS if appropriate.                           |
| be displayed in school, attached to  | been repeated or persistent if it fulfils all other descriptions of bullying. This possibility | -referral to 'Behaviour Policy' and school sanctions and how these may be applied           |
| this policy and distributed to       | should be considered, particularly in cases of sexual, sexist, racist or homophobic            | including what actions may be taken if the bullying persists.                               |
| families.                            | bullying and when children with disabilities are involved. If the victim may be in danger,     | -follow up, especially keeping in touch with the person who reported the situation,         |
| Roles and Responsibilities           | then intervention is urgently required.  | parents/carers.   |
| *The headteacher has overall         | What does bullying look like?  | -support for the target and the bully.  |
| responsibility for the policy, its   | Bullying can include:  | *Where parents/carers feel the situation has not been resolved or dealt with                |
| implementation and the liaison       | -name calling  | satisfactorily, the school's 'Complaints Policy' will be implemented.                       |
| with the governing body,             | -taunting  | Recording Bullying and Evaluating the Policy  |
| parents/carer. LA and outside        | -mocking   | Incidents, which occur inside or outside of school, will be recorded by the member of       |
| agencies.                            | -making offensive comments   | staff who dealt with the matter. This information will be recorded on CPOMS The             |
| *The headteacher's responsibilities  | -physical assault  | information we hold will be used to ensure individual incidents are followed up. It will    |
| are:                                 | -taking or damaging belongings   | also be used to identify trends and inform preventative work in school and                  |
| -policy development and review       | -cyber-bullying – inappropriate text messaging and emailing; sending offensive or              | development of the policy. This information will be presented to the governors in an        |
| involving pupils, staff, governors,  | degrading images by phone or via the internet  | anonymous format as part of termly reports. The policy will be reviewed and updated         |
| parents/carers and relevant local    | -producing offensive graffiti  | annually.   |
| agencies                             | -gossiping and spreading hurtful or untruthful rumours   | Strategies for Preventing Bullying  |

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| -implementing the policy and                          | -excluding people from groups  | As part of our on-going commitment to the safety and welfare of our pupils, we have   |
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|   |  |   |
| monitoring and assessing its                          | Although bullying can occur between individuals, it can often take place in the  | developed the following strategies to promote positive behaviour and discourage   |
| effectiveness in practice                             | presence (virtually or physically) of others who become the 'bystanders' or 'accessories'.   | bullying behaviour.   |
| -ensuring evaluation takes place                      | Why are children and young people bullied?   | -Restorative Approaches   |
| and that this informs policy review                   | Specific types of bullying include:  | -Group Work   |
| -managing bullying incidents                          | -bullying related to race, religion or culture   | -Involvement with RoSIS Anti-Bullying work  |
| -managing the reporting and                           | -bullying related to SEND  | -Participation in Anti-Bullying award   |
| recording of bullying incidents                       | -bullying related to appearance or health  | -PSHE/Citizenship curriculum  |
| -assessing and co-ordinating                          | -bullying relating to sexual orientation   | -Specific curriculum inputs on areas of concern such as cyber-bullying and e-safety   |
| training and support for staff and                    | -bullying of young carers or looked after children or otherwise related to home  | -Playground Buddies   |
| parents/carers where appropriate                      | circumstances  | -Parent Information events/workshops  |
| -co-ordinating strategies for                         | -sexist or sexual bullying   | -Staff training   |
| preventing bullying behaviour.                        | All forms of bullying should be taken equally seriously and dealt with appropriately.  | -Counselling and/or mediation schemes (in-school child counsellor).   |
| *The nominated governor with the                      | Bullying can take place between:   |   |
| responsibility for anti-bullying is<br>Mrs. L. Jones. | -young people<br>-young people and staff<br>-staff<br>-individuals or groups<br>Certain groups or pupils are known to be particularly vulnerable to bullying by others:<br>these may include pupils with SEND; young carers, LAC, those from ethnic and racial<br>minority groups and those young people who may be perceived as lesbian, gay, bi-<br>sexual, transgender or questioning their gender. | Links with Other Policies   -Behaviour Policy -Equalities Policy   -Safeguarding Policy -Complaints Policy   -Acceptable Use Policy -Confidentiality Policy |